## Chemguide - questions

## ALKENES: MAKING ALKENES

- 1. Alcohols can be dehydrated to alkenes using aluminium oxide.
  - a) What is the role of the aluminium oxide?
  - b) Give the conditions for the dehydration of an alcohol using aluminium oxide.
  - c) Write the equation for the dehydration of propan-1-ol, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH, using aluminium oxide.
- 2. a) Give the conditions for the dehydration of ethanol using concentrated sulphuric acid.
  - b) The ethene produced from this reaction has to be passed through sodium hydroxide solution to remove gaseous impurities. What are these impurities, and why are they formed during the reaction?
  - c) If you use concentrated phosphoric(V) acid, H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, instead of concentrated sulphuric acid, you don't get these impurities. Why not?
  - d) Write the equation for the dehydration of cyclohexanol using concentrated phosphoric(V) acid. (Cyclohexanol is a cyclohexane ring with one of the hydrogens replaced by an -OH group.)
- 3. Draw the structures of the alkene(s) that might be produced if you dehydrate:
  - a) butan-1-ol, CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH
  - b) butan-2-ol, CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>3</sub>
  - c) pentan-3-ol, CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>