## Chemguide - questions

**AMINES: AS BASES** 

- 1. a) What do you understand by
  - (i) a Bronsted-Lowry base;
  - (ii) a Lewis base?
  - b) Explain why methylamine, CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, acts as a base in both of these senses.
- 2. This question is about comparing the reactions of ammonia and methylamine as bases.
  - a) Write equations to show what happens when both of these compounds dissolve in water.
  - b) Explain why the compounds are acting as bases in these reactions with water.
  - c) Describe what happens when ammonia gas and methylamine gas come into contact with hydrogen chloride gas.
  - d) Write the formulae for the two compounds formed in these reactions, showing essential details of their structures.
  - e) Describe what happens if you add a few drops of ammonia solution or methylamine solution to a solution of copper(II) sulphate containing  $[Cu(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$  ions.
  - f) Write equations to show what happens in these reactions.
  - g) Describe what happens if you add an excess of ammonia solution or methylamine solution to a solution of copper(II) sulphate containing  $[Cu(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$  ions.
  - h) Write the formulae for the final copper-containing products of these reactions.
  - i) In what sense are ammonia and methylamine acting as bases in these last reactions?
- 3. a) Write the equation for the reaction which happens when dimethylamine, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH, reacts with water.
  - b) Write the formula of the product of the reaction between trimethylamine gas, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N, and hydrogen chloride gas, showing the essential details of its structure.